GLOSSARY		
Glycans	Sugars	
Glyco	Greek for sweet	
Glycobiology	The science studying sugar	
Glycocalyx	The forest of sugar structures on the	
	cell membrane	
Glycosylation	The linking of individual sugars via	
	enzymes to form more complicated	
	chains of sugars	
Glyconutrients	Sugar nutrients	
<b>Genetically Modified</b>	Plant (or other living) matter that	
Organism (GMO)	was altered from it's original form by	
	inserting the genes of one species	
	into the genetic material of another	
	species	
Hybridization	Crossbreeding two varieties of	
	plants or animals to form a third	
Inorganic	Not deriving from living matter	
	(ex. rock)	
Synthetic	Made by chemical synthesis to	
	imitate a natural product	
	(man-made)	

## KEY

ALTERED FOOD 53, 65, 99%, 94%, 88%

WHAT'S NATURAL ABOUT BEING SYNTHETIC tar, 95%, black, vitamins, 46% and 26%, 400%, 5%, E, "ide," 5-7%

## **GLYCOBIOLOGY**

glucose and galactose, 6, B, cell, humans, every, viruses, communication, nutrients, "letters," death, missing, communication, significant

## A Wellness Journey Study Guide

ALIERED FOOD	
It took 2 peaches in 1951 to meet the minimum A; it took peaches in 1999 to	
It took 1 cup of spinach in 1951 to meet the iron; it took cups in 1999 to meet	
Dwarf and semi-dwarf wheat represent wide wheat production.	% of world-
% of soybean production in the U.	S. is GMO.
% of corn production in the U.S. is	GMO.
WHAT'S NATURAL ABOUT BEING SYNTHE	
Synthetic vitamins are man-made chemica	
	ils derived from pe-
Synthetic vitamins are man-made chemica troleum or coal  As of 2012,% of vitamins sold on t	ils derived from pe-

Synthetic vitamin A and synthetic beta-carotene increased the rate of death from lung cancer by% and death from cardiovascular disease%.
Synthetic vitamin A increased the number of birth defects by%.
Ascorbic acid is only% of the Vitamin C Complex molecule.
The natural form of vitamin is d-alpha tocopherol and the synthetic form is dl-alpha tocopherol.
Inorganic minerals typically end with "ate" or ""
If you take 1200 mg of inorganic calcium supplements, only
is actually absorbed.
GLYCOBIOLOGY
GLYCOBIOLOGY  The two sugars readily available in our modern diet are
GLYCOBIOLOGY  The two sugars readily available in our modern diet are and  The other critical sugars are gravely missing from our

Every disease that affectsvolves glycans.	significantly in-
Glycans (sugars) play roles in almost cal process.	biologi-
Glycoprotein cell receptors are surface surpoints of attachments for cells, bacteria, hormones, and many other molecules.	
These glycans (sugars) interact with othe biologic functions including cell-to-cell _ immune system functions.	
French scientists discovered that these such as sof	ugars represent a new
1 X 10 <sup>14</sup> chemically unique " by these eight hexagonal, 3-dimensional system's biologic, sugar coded alphabet.	-
Apoptosis is programmed cell	·
When cells turn against the body (as in do and autoimmune), research has shown the from their cell surface	nat sugars are
Since 2011, several published studies using human trials show improvements in immediate, memory concentration, attentiveness digestive and cellularf	ss, mood, irritability,
Ingestion of glyconutrients induced statisted changes in cell surface no adverse affects.	•